

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XXI, No. 13

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, Aug. 24th, 1933

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

United Church

Empress—
Sunday School, 10.30 a.m.
Public Worship, 11.30 a.m.
Leland 3 p.m.
Social Plains, 7.30 p.m.
You are welcome
Rev. A. J. Law, B.A.

Catholic Church

On Sunday, 11 a.m., there will be a United Service of the Wainfleet and Mayfield Congregations in the Mayfield Hall. We are hoping to have with us as the preacher, the Rev. Dr. George Dorey, Superintendent of Missions for Southern Saskatchewan.
Preacher, Walter G. Jones, B.A.

Catholic Church

Program for August

Empress—Mass 2nd, 3rd and 4th Sundays Mass at 11.15 a.m.
Cleveland—Mass 2nd, 3rd and 4th Sundays at 9.30 a.m.
Father Sullivan

Mrs. MacPherson, and daughters, and son, Stewart, arrived back on Tuesday, from a holiday visit with Mr. MacPherson in B.C.

John Pawlak and Glen Tarr, who have been at harvest work in the Abbey district, arrived home on Monday night.

Mrs. F. Sibley and children, arrived home on Saturday, from a holiday vacation.

R. J. Nickel left on Monday on a trip north by car.

LABOR DAY FARES

Between all points in Canada
SINGLE FARES
for ROUND TRIP

Good going and returning
on date, September 4, 1933

FARE and one
QUARTER

Good going from 12 Noon
Sept. 1 till Noon Sept. 4. Re-
turn leave destination by
Midnight Sept. 5

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RATES—\$1.00 and \$1.50. Weekly and Monthly Rates.

A Weekly Survey Of Grain Conditions

Friday, August 18th, 1933

Winnipeg One Northern bushel had a range of 81 cents a bushel during the past week. The highest price was 74½ cents. The close today was 68½ cents, which is 1 cent above the One Northern price, basis the minimum future price as fixed by the Winnipeg Grain Exchange on Tuesday, August the 18th.

What Governments will do next is keeping most people guessing. Inflation talk was again in evidence in the States during the week and should this go through an increase in their commodity prices will follow, placing their goods farther out of line for export. Yet in certain sections of the country, producers and merchants alike are deplored the fact that no one markets exist for their produce. Until governments agree to adopt international workable policies, the general situation will continue uncertain and disturbing.

Shipments of wheat and flour from Australia were reported as 2,481,000 bushels, including 419,000 bushels for ex-Europe. While the week's total shipments were fairly substantial, it is likely that the movement will soon fall off. It, checking the official production, consumption, and exports to date, there remains only 30 million bushels of wheat left for export. This total closely compares with Broomhall's figures and is available for the thirteen weeks from date to the end of December next. This is an interesting fact—Australia has produced three bumper crops in succession, averaging some 20 million bushels, each of which was 50 million above the previous five years' average. Yet today there remains only 30 million left in the country for sale. There is no change in crop prospects and providing ideal conditions do not prevail each month next harvest, it is generally conceded that not more than an average crop will be produced.

Argentine shipments of wheat and flour were 3,047,000 bushels as compared with 4,860,000 bushels a week ago. The official report of wheat stocks on hand for export placed the total at some 32 millions. The amount is on the small side and cannot allow large weekly shipments.

Hospital Sewing Meeting

The Monthly Sewing Meeting for the hospital will be held on Tuesday next, August 29th, at the home of Mrs. J. Stonely, at 3 p.m.

Canada And The N.R.A.

Canada considers partnering the United States and setting up an N.R.A. The daring and promise of the American scheme has fired the Canadian imagination. The National Chamber of Commerce and the Montreal Board of Trade will send to Washington a survey of the workings of the N.R.A. and submit a modified plan to Premier Bennett upon his return from England. Premiers of the Provinces approve the N.R.A. ideas of jobs instead of direct relief for unemployed, higher prices for farm products, and encouragement of industry and business by increasing purchasing power—What is sauce for the American garden may be sauce for the Canada goose—Christian St. Monier.

For the next fifteen weeks. The necessary rains have not yet materialized and this condition may become serious unless the situation changes during the next few weeks.

Unfavorable weather reduced crops in Canada and the United States and while it is a long time before harvest in the southern hemisphere, similar adverse conditions now prevail there. Conditions in Europe, however, have been generally favourable and unless a wet harvest is experienced, good average crops on the whole are in sight. Today's despatches mention rain in many areas, but only a continuation of wet weather could cause serious harm. News of Russia continues scarce, but some small quantity of grain was exported during the past week. This was the first shipment for many weeks and amounted to only 248,000 bushels of wheat and 223,000 bushels of barley. Our mail advices of vessel charters indicate no particular activity in the export movement in the immediate future. Exports of Canadian wheat and flour last week were only about three million bushels. Fair sales have been reported for several days and a continuation of better business is needed. Threshing is general in Manitoba and parts of Southern Saskatchewan and Southern Alberta. Cutting has become general in Northern Saskatchewan, but has only just begun in Northern Alberta.

Alberta Crop Report No. 9

Cutting of the wheat crop in Alberta has commenced, and is fairly general in all parts of the province save in the more northern districts. Cutting of coarse grains has also commenced in certain districts. The crops have ripened so rapidly under the continued warm, dry weather that harvesting has become general somewhat earlier than usual.

While the Department is not at present issuing an official estimate of what the average yield of wheat over the province is likely to be, it has become certain that the total harvest of wheat will be far below that of 1932. Over a fairly well-defined area in the south-eastern part of the province, described roughly as extending from the South Saskatchewan river north to Township 33 and from range 15 to the eastern boundary of the province, excluding irrigation areas, the crops have largely failed due to drought, and a very large percentage of the seeded area here will not be harvested, while on the balance the yield will be very light indeed. Over the balance of the province, aside from this area, however, there will be a medium crop of wheat with estimates of yields ranging from 10 to 15 bushels in areas immediately adjacent to the drought area both south and north, to as high as 25 bushels in a few favored districts elsewhere in the province. Along the southern fringe of the province, west and south-west of Medicine Hat, some fairly good yields are expected. The Peace River and Grande Prairie districts report conditions good, with prospects of good yields, though rain would be welcome in a few cases to aid the filling process.

As might be expected, the drought conditions affected the coarse grains more seriously than the wheat, and in most districts in the central and southern areas there will be a distinct shortage of green feed and they feed crops, although as in wheat, there are districts in the north central areas more favored in this respect. An unusual situation has developed this year in the foothills cattle country between High River and Pincher Creek, where pastures have burned under the prolonged dry, hot spell. Here, as in the dried-out crop areas, the feed situation has become more or less acute. The whole feed situation is now being reviewed by the Department to ascertain what action is needed.

New School Principal

Mr. W. N. Watson, B.Sc., has been engaged as Principal of the Empress school for the coming year. Mr. Watson has had several years teaching experience in public and high schools. School will open on September 5th.

High School Courses By Mail

For some years the provincial department of education has conducted correspondence courses in the elementary grades of school for the convenience of those unable to attend a school. Some 2,500 or more, chiefly those in outlying parts of the province, have taken advantage of these. It is now the purpose of the department to extend these courses to include instruction in all four grades of high school work, with the exception of those in outlying parts of the province, have taken advantage of these. It is now the purpose of the department to extend these courses to include instruction in all four grades of high school work, with the exception of those in outlying parts of the province, have taken advantage of these. It is now the purpose of the department to extend these courses to include instruction in all four grades of high school work, with the exception of those in outlying parts of the province, have taken advantage of these.

Summer School Attendance

A total attendance of 870 was recorded at the annual teachers' conference held at the Empress summer school just closed at the university of Alberta. This compared with 981 last year. The school was operated jointly by the university and department of education.

Grasshoppers are still doing a little damage, even though on the wing, but the percentage of loss this summer from hoppers has been held down almost to the minimum, as a result of the intensive poisoning campaign effected during the early part of the growing season.

Crops on irrigated areas are normal. Second cutting of alfalfa at Lethbridge is reported somewhat light. Sugar beets are coming on well, but a somewhat lighter yield than last year is expected.

Alberta's Success At Regina

A review of the winnings in the various seed grain classes at the world grain congress at Regina recently, shows Alberta's total prizes to be \$24,500, with an additional \$1,700 won by members of the junior, intermediate and inter-college grain judging teams. The cash prizes taken constituted more than one-third of the prize money offered in the classes concerned. In two classes of wheat Alberta took 85 per cent of the money, and in two classes of oats won 80 per cent of the money.

News of R. M. Mantario

A strong contingent, including several lady delegates, from R. M. Mantario, attended the Federal Liberal Nomination meeting at Kinsley, on Wednesday last.

Due to one-third of his old seat, including his own residence, having been transferred to the Kinsley riding, Mr. Vallance, sitting member for the old South Battleford seat is now with many of the strong Liberal polls in the Kinsley seat.

Mr. Chas. Henderson, defeated candidate for Kinsley at the last election, had not taken his defeat as final, but had been working hard building up the organization for the next election.

Very significantly, those who have had a large part in returning Mr. Vallance for the last ten years wished to retain him as their member; equally significantly those who have admired the fighting spirit and the hard work Mr. Henderson has put into the Liberal cause since the last election felt he was in justice entitled to their support, even though they fully appreciate the work of Mr. Vallance in the House for Liberalism and Western Rights (cont. on back page)

TALKIES

Presented by the Capitol Circuit of Open in the

EMPRESS THEATRE

Friday, September 1, at 8.30 p.m.

Showing

"SAILOR'S LUCK"

Prices, Adults, 40c. tax included; High Sch. children, 20c. Public School, 15c.

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THE EMPRESS EXPRESS



Botanists Are Interested

Awaiting News Regarding Discovery Of Musk Plants In B.C.

Botanists everywhere are awaiting eagerly news concerning the musk plants with the long lost odor on Texada Island, B.C. In connection with the reported discovery by Stanley Boys on Texada Island, on the British Columbia coast, a musk plant carrying the distinctive odor common over twenty years ago but since unknown, Dr. Arthur W. Hill, director of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, England, is keenly interested.

Dr. Hill has written to Frank Kerens of the Victoria museum of natural history, providing news of discovery, if it can be substantiated, is of every great scientific interest. He asks that if possible send plants with a strong musk scent may be forwarded to him at Kew, and gives instructions for their safe packing for the journey and outlines special precautions to be taken in forwarding them.

The musk of the odor well remembered by most persons of English upbringing—it was common as a pot plant for houses in England a quarter of a century ago—is said to have been taken to England originally from British Columbia by the famous Douglas whose name is perpetuated in our Douglas fir.

It is given as having originated on the American continent by authorities. It had commercial value for perfume manufacture years ago and there are commercial possibilities about its rediscovery in British Columbia apart from world-wide scientific interest.

Home For Orphan Boy

Adopted By Wealthy Couple Whose Dead Son He Resembles

The home of a wealthy silk dyer and his wife were ready for a new orphan boy from Omaha, Neb., in what seemed like a modern version of the old story of Cinderella and the prince.

The boy was Peter Christopolis, and inmate of Father Flanagan's Boys' Home at Omaha. A letter of the lad, an orphan since early childhood, was the medium through which he has become just like a son to the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Strengs, who live at Paterson, New Jersey.

It seems that Strengs saw the picture of Peter and was struck by the resemblance of his son, Henry, who was drowned in Green Pond, N.J., a little over a year ago. As a result, arrangements were made to bring Peter in the Strengs household to take the place of the dead boy.

Farming On Small Scale

Has Proved Best During These Times

Large-scale farming is a worth noting, is no longer being advanced as a cure-all for agricultural ills. It is not so many months since farmers were being told that agricultural advancement could only be attained by mass production on very large farms, and now we are being advised that small farmers would best their individuality and become something approaching vermin. But the depression has changed all that, as it has changed many other things. The small farmer is managing to get along in some way or other, but the large scale farmer have gone broke or shut up shop.—Brookville Recorder and Times.

Prairie Wheat Sales Higher

Show Substantial Increase Over Corresponding Period In 1932

Prairie wheat, marketings showed an increase of 2,681,379 bushels for the corresponding period last year for the week ending June 23, according to the Dominion Government figures released this week.

Total marketings for the crop year to date were 356,742,219 bushels as compared with 299,622,190 a year ago. For Saskatchewan the year's sales were 189,485,097 as compared with 115,865,339.

Still Very Much Alive

Sir Murchison Fletcher, High Commissioner for the Western Pacific, who has been visiting London, is on his way to Tonga Island last September to confer the Queen with the D.B.E., conferred upon her by King George. He was met on the beach by a tortoise which Captain Cook gave to the Queen's great-grandfather in 1773. Sir Murchison stated that the tortoise is very much alive and that he fed it with bananas.

Germany has a "renovize" campaign.

You will prefer it,

Life Means Change.

Occasionally the writer of this column feels the urge to pass on to the readers of it some thought, or idea, or even complete article he has come across in his own reading. In surrendering to that urge this week, we pass on an article appearing in a little United States magazine which does not go into general circulation, which has no subscription list, but which is distributed free to a selected list of people in all parts of the world. That article follows:

To prepare us for life in a world that is continually changing, that is a very small part of a universe in which nothing is or ever will be static even for the space of one brief second, humanity has been taught, from the earliest dawn of reason, to strive for permanence, security, safety, even something which we may accept as settled. Thus we find ourselves mentally and spiritually unprepared to meet the apparently sudden, unexpected changes which follow constantly upon some wide-spread emergency. Instead of schooling ourselves to meet emergencies in their varied and unpredictable phases, we have preferred to be lulled or to dull ourselves into a sense of false security, to surround ourselves with an atmosphere of spiritual anaesthesia. Instead of taking life as a tremendous adventure—and it is this or nothing—we delude ourselves into the belief that we have made of it something restful, secure, that we have created, in some measure at least, a lasting order of things. And we have added assurance of telling our children that these things are so, when our whole experience, the experience of all humanity proclaims them to be utterly false.

How different would have been our reactions to the experiences of the last three uncomely trying years had we been free from the trait of our fear of change. And why should we fear change when it is the most certain thing that life brings us? It is the very essence of life; the vital germ of growth; the stimulant; the impetus; the power; the life itself. Change is along the road of progress. Change gives life its vitality; lends it sparkle and variety and the lure of glorious adventure; makes it worth living to those who have learned the most precious, most helpful of its secrets. Acceptance of this fact is the only way to spiritual freedom, and in spiritual freedom lies the only assurance of surety, of permanence, of safety, of ease to be found in all the range of created things. For only when the spirit is free—from delusions and superstitions and intolerances and fears and traditions and narrow prejudices and selfishness—free to venture where it will and when it will, is it prepared to meet, with profit to itself, the ever unexpected possibilities and adventures of life. The accumulation of these spiritual perils is the one sure way of treasure where there is no moth nor rust can corrupt, and where thieves cannot break through and steal. It is the one treasure not subject, except in enhancement, to the vicissitudes of life.

The chief thing in living is life itself. The chief purpose in life should be to live it abundantly, joyfully, zealously; to savor each of its constantly varying phases; to go with it we can out of it and to put all we can into it. We should not fear to meet any part of it, for it is the only way to the fullness of life, to the fullness of its reality, and to the fullness of its advantages from them. And if we do this we shall come to the inescapable conclusion that the genuinely desirable advantages of life have little if anything to do with material things.

If we would enjoy life to the full, we must change our traditional attitude toward it. Instead of building upon the illusion of permanency we must build upon the certainty of change—constant change both within ourselves and in all other created things; physical, mental and spiritual change. For without change life could not exist. To imagine any possible permanency in life, anything static, anything unchanging even for the smallest period of our existence, is to imagine the impossible. Life is most fearful and hopeless conception of death. And life knows no death, only change, and continuing life.

There is no thought in anything I have said here that we should not strive intelligently and courageously for some measure of stability; some temporary standard of thought and action, in our material affairs; but that in our thinking, our planning and our striving we never should for a moment lose sight of the realities of life, and that neither permanency nor absolute security is one of them. Our ideas of security, of any settled order of things should be relative. They should be held loosely and subject to the certainty of change. In other words, we should prepare ourselves for change as for the one sure thing which life offers us. Our accumulations of things—material should be secondary to our accumulations of things spiritual. The insecurity of material accumulations should make us value more highly the security of spiritual accumulations—our experiences, our memories, our generous and friendly impulses, our unselfish and tolerant motives, our whole attitude toward our fellows, our confidence in the eternal beneficence of life, our love of what is good, our desire for continuing human betterment. In short, all that our experience has taught us is most to be desired.

Let us then accept life frankly as a glorious adventure, and face it at all times cheerfully and bravely. Let us banish fear, fear of present insecurity, fear to venture because of uncertainty, above all else, fear of change. Let us be constantly prepared for change, ready to take advantage of it rather than to have it take advantage of us. Let us live our lives to the full and go forward cheerfully, bravely, confidently, and with light and hopeful hearts.

Some Birthday Dinner

Peter the Great, three tons of hippopotamus is 30 years old and there are no official proposals for a special birthday dinner. The appetizer was a basket basket of mangle. In lieu of soup was served a sheaf of young corn stalks. Entree consisted of two loaves of brown rain bread. And the piece of resistance was Peter's standard dinner, 100 pounds of hay.

Prince Aldis Unemployed

The Prince of Wales, as the landowner of the Duchy of Lancaster estate, is in the Clare Valley of Gloucestershire, Wales, has let a colliery to local unemployed men at the nominal rate of \$150 to enable them to work four weeks for their own households. Each workman will work four hours a week in the colliery.

A fence twenty miles long without a bend or turn has been completed in Kingsville, Tex., on the boundaries of a ranch.

Summer Complaint Plays Havoc With the Bowels

Few people escape an attack of summer complaint. It may be slight or it may be severe, but both the young and the old are liable to it during the summer months. You cannot tell when it strikes you how it is going to end. Let us run for a day or two and see how weak and how miserable it will leave you. On the first sign of an attack of any looseness of the bowels take a few doses of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Extract of Wild Strawberry and give relief. Manufactured by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Powerful Flashlight FREE for POKER HANDS!



ONLY Four complete sets of poker hands will secure you this handy flashlight (complete with batteries). Give the card or in the house of poker one of the most valuable gifts given in exchange for Turret Fine Cigarettes.

It pays to "Roll Your Own" with TURRET FINE CIGARETTE TOBACCO. SAVE THE POKER HANDS! Ship ripened tomatoes... rich aroma... That's the quality you want in your eating tobacco and that's the quality you get in every cigarette of Turret Fine Cigarettes. Cut. And there's genuine economy too. You can roll at least 50 cigarettes from a 25¢ package.

More Aeroplane Passengers

Business Increasing On U.S. Lines and Competition Is Keen

The skyways of North America are being "double-tracked."

A survey of major air lines carrying passengers to every corner of America—and of them planning to extend across the coast—shows that commercial aviation has increased its passenger income by one-third in recent weeks.

The reason: Renewed activity has increased its passenger income by one-third in recent weeks.

The result: A battle for the new business comparable to that of the railroads several decades ago.

In the scramble for passengers, millions of dollars have been poured into new equipment. Soundproof cabins have been added to the new Air Lines. American Airways has responded with ships in which passengers can sleep on comfortable berths during night trips between Chicago and the Pacific Coast.

A smaller line, Northwest Airways, has introduced a fleet of "plane capsules" of 215 miles an hour with a cruising speed of 180 and announced a plan to compete for business between Chicago and the Pacific northwest.

At the coast, Northwest will connect with Pan American Airways, which plan to extend its "plane capsules" to Alaska after the Arctic to Asia. At present, Northwest operates between Chicago and Montana and northward to Winnipeg, Man.

As proof of increasing business the Chicago municipal airport announced that 6,927 passengers were carried out of Chicago on regularly scheduled trips during June, an increase of 100 per cent from a year ago.

As for local pilots, they have obtained employment in the past few months, air line officials announced, because of additional "planes" placed on schedule.

Trips between Chicago and New York have been doubled by three lines. A trade between the two cities now has a choice of more than 20 planes daily, the time of the schedules ranging upward from four and three-quarter hours eastbound to five and one half hours westbound.

Recovery Program

Plans Formulated In United States To Assist Workmen

With almost 1,000,000 mill workers taking their jobs under the stimulus of higher pay, plans were fashioned by the United States industrial administration for summing the whole force of public opinion behind the Rooseveltian endeavor to open more jobs and fill additional salary envelopes.

Hugh S. Johnson, industrial administrator, called in his staff of advisors to check over every detail of the preparations for a campaign modeled after the Liberty Loan drive of the Great War days to unite the citizenry behind the recovery efforts. Secrecy surrounded the formulation of the plans.

A national campaign now in the making would seek even more income purely voluntary work and hour-cutting action, along the lines of that taken by the steel industry in increasing wages 15 per cent today, without waiting for an executive order by the president.

A strong appeal from President himself might form the centre of the movement. It still was considered possible that he might, in this, recommend general hour limits, and advise what minimum wage levels should be.

Located Lost Galleons

Pirate Loot Within Grasp Of An English Adventurer

Treasure buried long ago by pirates who had stolen it in raids on merchantmen is believed to be within the grasp of an expedition led by Stratford D. Jolly, an English adventurer, who, with his party, set out from Brinkham more than a year ago in a converted steam trawler. At least Jolly believes the treasure is within reach. He has returned to England for a short time, but will continue the search in another vessel when the trawler has been sold.

One of their party, Frank Cooper, who gave up a post in the glove manufacturing industry at Yovolt to join the expedition as gold diver, was able to locate at Trinidad a number of sunken Spanish galleons, which were scuttled in 1797 to avoid capture by the British fleet, according to Jolly's story.

Finding the galleons, he said, was as easy as could be for Cooper, who used for the purpose only a gramophone. "That Cooper's work was successful we know," said Mr. Jolly, "because we took soundings and were able to trace the actual shape of the sunken ships. They are down in only seven fathoms of water—about eight feet for divers to work in—and, above all, they are in a very sheltered part."

Wanted To Look Around

Prince George Climbed 180-Foot Scaffold Before Being Injured

Prince George demonstrated remarkable nerve before a small crowd of people when he climbed up the 180-foot scaffolding surrounding Big Bear tower at the Hotel of the Monarchs. No one looking on knew who the "human fly" was. To them it was simply a young man in a gray suit.

The prince had expressed a desire to climb up the ladders from platform to platform until he reached Big Bear tower, where he had a "good look around." Accompanied by two of the men engaged on the scaffolding work, he reached the highest point. After a few minutes he climbed over a parapet leading to the gallery where the bells that chime the quarters are installed. The prince ascended by means of a long spiral staircase inside the tower.

"Climbing the ladders to such a height is not as easy a job as one not accustomed to the work," an official told a reporter. "But the prince got up very quickly, and showed fine nerve. He told us that he had enjoyed the experience." During the 180 feet ascent the prince had to climb up steep ladders from which, when glancing down, he could see nothing between himself and the ground. In many places the scaffolding was so tight that he had to walk content only of a couple of planks.

Russia's New Fast Train

With a new idea for locomotive, S. A. Valtier, an official of the Russian transportation minister, has invented an exceedingly fast railway engine which is called an "aerotrains." The prefix "aero" is a misleading, because the locomotive does not fly, but the term is intended to denote the engine as of the aeroplane type, with propellers. It is stated that the train is stable at a speed of more than 150 miles an hour.

Savers in Japan are transferring their money from postal banks to commercial institutions which now offer a higher interest rate.

Ceylon's First Woman Lawyer

Fifteen Year Old Girl Was Brilliant Scholar In London

Amos, a girl of 15, was an examination for call to the English Bar in Miss Avarilla Mehta, of Colombo, Ceylon.

Mehta is only 10 years old, a slim Parsi girl from Ceylon, whose appearance would give the impression that her school days were hardly over yet. She was a brilliant scholar at the Maria Grey Training College, London, England, and after she matriculated she read for the Bar in Lincoln's Inn.

I saw her at her home in Hampstead, where she is living with her brother—writing a book, a Ceylon representative. She was wearing a native dress of blue and gold. "I shall be the first woman barrister in Ceylon," she said. "There are, of course, a number of women lawyers in India, but up to now they have been none in my own country."

"I am eager to begin work at the Bar in Ceylon, but I have to wait some time yet before I can do that. I cannot be called until I am 21, and I have to eat my dinner for three more terms. I may go to India first and practice there for a time before going to Colombo."

Miss Mehta said there was no branch of the law in which she took especial interest and her practice would be a general one. Her father is a marines superintendent at Colombo and one of the few Parsis in Ceylon. "There are only 200 there," she said, "but there are 100,000 in India."

Matter Being Considered

Train Ferry May Be Inaugurated Between England and Sweden

A train ferry between Sweden and Britain may be inaugurated, if present plans materialize. A minimum capital of one-half million kroner already has been subscribed, due to the confidence with which the project is regarded in Britain.

Drawings for the ferry have been made and the boat is estimated to cost 3,500,000 kroner and have room for 84 refrigerators, 30 freight cars and 430 first-class passengers. The Swedish termite will be Vargberg.

It has been suggested that during the summer months the ferry make an intermediate stop at Copenhagen.

Hardly Necessary

With the nations feeling that they do about each other, what need there for trains that go 110 miles an hour and strip that get 250 miles an hour? It must be that we are perfecting communications in order to get away from each other as fast as we can.

The production of potatoes in Canada in 1932 amounted to 38,614,000 cwt., the smallest yield recorded since 1916.

It doesn't—its clean—as it polishes.

W. N. U. 2004

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

The four-power European peace pact has been signed here by Premier Mussolini, and representatives of France, Germany and Great Britain. Sixty Jersey cattle including three bulls, valued at more than \$10,000, left Jersey on their way to their new owners in Canada and the United States.

Drought in parts of Southwestern Africa is now in its eighth year, and many farmers have been ruined while others are trekking over the country with their cattle in search of grass.

During the four weeks ended June 30, Canadian grain exports through New York totalled 2,420,000 bushels, a decline of 2,027,000 bushels from a year ago.

With several thousand men on the waiting list desirous of entering the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, the list has been practically closed for the time being.

Edmonton has the most air-minded city in Canada, according to Col. George A. Drew, of Toronto. Addressing the Empire Club at Winnipeg, Col. Drew said Fort McMurray, north of Edmonton, was the greatest aviation centre in Canada.

There was a very definite pick-up in the exports of Canadian agricultural products to the United States in June, the value of the total being \$540,000 compared with \$217,000 in June, 1932, a report of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics said.

The "Royal Scot," crack British railway train now on its way to the Chicago Exhibition, will likely visit Winnipeg this fall after the close of the Chicago Fair, according to a letter received by Mayor Ralph Webb from the Montreal representatives of the London, Midland and Scottish Co.

With an Anglo-Russian economic warfare ended as a result of negotiations between Maxim Litvinoff, Soviet Foreign Commissioner, and Sir John Simon, Secretary of the British Empire, Great Britain is looking forward to a greatly increased export trade with the Soviet Union, officials said.

Parasitological Research

McGill University To Investigate Parasitic Diseases Of Domestic Animals

Last year's report of the Empire Research Board referred to a decision of the board to share with the National Research Council of Canada the cost of maintaining an Institute of Helminthology (study of maw and intestinal worms) at McGill College, McGill University, Montreal, for the investigation of parasitic diseases of domestic animals.

The laboratory facilities have been completed and equipped during the year with funds provided by the Quebec Government, Dr. F. C. Campbell, formerly of Edinburgh University, has been appointed director of the institute and work started on April 1, 1932. The work of the institute has been welcomed by agricultural and lay opinion in Canada. The administration of the work is under the control of a specially appointed associate committee on Parasitology of the National Research Council, of which Dr. H. M. Tupper president of the council, is chairman.

Prince Buys Sixth Plane

Newest Machine Has Armchair Seats For Passengers

The Prince of Wales has purchased another aeroplane—his sixth. The new machine is a De Havilland Dragon Moth, with a maximum speed of about 130 m.p.h. It is a biplane with six arm-chair seats for passengers in the cabin, and separate accommodation for the pilot in the cockpit. The arm chairs are upholstered in scarlet leather and the cabin is decorated in fawn and red. The plane is two-engine with 260 h.p. It is finished, like all the prince's planes, in the red and blue of the House of Windsor.

Flight-lieutenant F. H. Fielden, the prince's personal pilot, took the machine across the channel on a test flight. The prince intends using it himself.

Egypt Building Big Dam

The British firm of Messrs. J. W. Gifford, has been awarded by the Egyptian Government the big contract of building the Gebel Aulia dam, a few miles south of Khartoum. Their tender was for \$10,280,430. Four firms, all British, tendered for the contract. It is estimated that the building of this dam will increase Egypt's cultivable land by 300,000 acres, and will take four years.

W. N. U. 1934

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Ruth Rogers



HOUSEHOLDER: "And, as a lawyer, I can assure you that your sentence will be no light one."

INTRUDER: "I've got to 'end it to you, Giv'ner. You're a real smart feller. I suppose you wouldn't care for the job of defendin' me?"

Old Document Found

Letter Written In 1876 Offered Judge's To Nova Scotia Senator

A letter in which Canada's second premier, Alexander Mackenzie, offered a judgeship to Senator William Miller of Antigonish, N.S., in 1876, has been found and presented to the provincial archives.

Written in the premier's hand-writing, the letter reads:

"My Dear Sir: We expect within a few days to make the several appointments to the county court in Nova Scotia as the local government desires to issue the proclamation provided for by the statute."

"I write to request you to allow me to submit your name to his excellency for the Cape Breton district."

"Mr. Blake left for England three weeks ago, or he would have communicated with you on the subject. I know, however, that your nomination will be entirely satisfactory to him, and I have every reason to believe that it will give general satisfaction in the district and in the province."

"I will feel greatly obliged by receiving your early answer, and remain, My Dear Sir, Yours Faithfully, A. Mackenzie."

Heavy Tourist Travel

Indications That Visitors To National Park Will Equal Peak Year Of 1929

Tourist travel in Canada's national park this season has given indications of equalling in volume the peak year of 1929, according to information reaching Hon. T. G. Murphy, Minister of the Interior. The first day of July marked the opening of the season in most national parks, particularly in the Rocky Mountain region, and the number of visitors over the Dominion Day holiday is usually taken as an indication of what the season will produce.

At Banff national park in Alberta, all available accommodations were occupied on Dominion Day and many tourists slept in their cars it was reported.

These have been wonderful years for the type of young married people who are drawn closer by early struggle.

It's as simple as this. The nations must come to peace or go to pieces.

It is estimated that there are nearly 125,000 kinds of flowering plants.

IRISH DELEGATE REPROVED BY CONFERENCE CHAIRMAN

A sensation was caused in the economic conference when Hendrick Colijn, Dutch Prime Minister, as chairman of the commission stopped Joseph Connolly, Irish Delegate, from speaking.

Colijn interrupted to advise Mr. Connolly that he was not to speak on the subject under discussion and the Irish delegate sat down. Our main picture shows Premier Colijn indicated by arrow.



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Never Fully Explained

Learned Men Do Not Know How Memory Functions

Memory is both a physiological and a psychological process, and has never been fully explained. It is all very well for learned men to tell us that impressions are made upon certain nerve cells in the sensorium, and that these nerve cells have both an excitatory and retentive power, and are capable of prolonging the vibratory excitations which first set them in motion. The sensorium, by the way, is that common reservoir into which all the impressions that have to be stored in the nerve fibres into agitation flow and subside. This has not solved the problem of why we remember some things and forget others, or why some men have memories called "good" and certain other men have memories called "bad."

If it were not for memory we should wake up every morning as helpless as a newborn infant. It is memory that teaches us to look at the clock by the bedside to see what time it is; memory teaches us how to put our clothes on; and instructs us that bacon and eggs are good to eat and that the knife and fork by the side of the plate are the implements for dealing with our food. Our speech and every trivial action of our lives depend entirely upon our memories.

This reminds us that it is possible to forget the name of a thing, but not its use. A patient suffering from a disorder of the brain could not remember what a spoon was called, but knew quite well that it could be used to eat soup with.

Other sufferers from this complaint call things by wrong and most inappropriate names, while others can describe an object without being able to recall its name. Thus, a pen would be indicated as "the thing you use for writing." This particular defect of memory is called amnesia.

Russia Spoiled Plans Of Finnish Aviator

Planned To Fly From Helsinki To London, But Was Forced To Land In Sweden

Bronzed by sun and wind after 18,000 miles of flying which would have taken him more than half way around the world if it had not been for international complications, Captain Walno Bremer, young Finnish aviator, brought his monoplane to rest at the Ottawa air station. His Atlantic flight was cancelled.

Captain Bremer left Finland on May 1, intending to fly his small airplane, which took him to Cape Town and back last year, around the world. After successfully navigating the route over Germany, Arabia, Persia, India and China, he finally arrived at Yokohama. From there he intended to fly to Vladivostok, in Siberia, and so on to Nome, Alaska.

However, Russian officials refused to allow him to fly to the east coast so he was forced to ship his plane to San Francisco from whence he flew to Ottawa.

Three thousand fighting aeroplanes will be placed in service in the next three years by the Chinese Nanking Government, General Chih said, young commander-in-chief of aerostatics, announced. General Chih said he was examining various types of planes in the United States.

If you print any more jokes against Scotland I shall cease borrowing your paper," writes a man from Aberdeen.

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Fine Piece Of Legislation

Special Permission Required To Carry Firearms In Canada

One of the ablest pieces of legislation that have been passed in many years is now in force, and hereafter no one in Canada is permitted to carry firearms without special permission. We are fairly clear of the Southern European habit of carrying knives, but the very best habit of carrying guns, revolvers and other forms of pistols, automatics, etc., has crept over from the United States and leads often to fatal results in quarrels which, were they properly confined to the good old British weapons of the fists, would be comparatively harmless.

Foreigners from the less civilized parts of the world, seem to think that guns are necessary in Canada, but such is not the case, and most of us can go through life without ever seeing one of these weapons, and certainly without having to use one. When it is widely known that guns are no longer lawful, and those who carry guns become objects of suspicion, the greater the number of them, even thieves and burglars do not need guns. They are not used in British except by imported American.

Canada Landscapes

Exhibition Of Water Colors Shown In England

London's gallery-goers are showing keen interest in an exhibition of water colors, many of Canadian origin, being shown at the Graham Gallery in New Bond Street by Miss Elizabeth Harper, of the Overseas League. Queen Mary is among those who have viewed the pictures.

Miss Harper, great admirer of Canadian landscape, has painted scenes as far north as Hudson Bay and includes in the collection pictures done at Windsor, N.S., Ottawa, the Rockies and as far west as Vancouver. Among her subjects are "Mount Edith Cavell," "Mount Robson," "Great Trees, Stanley Park," "A Sunrise on Hudson Bay," "Moose Factory," and "The police on the Mohawk River in Northern Ontario." The "Loona, Vancouver," "Grouse Mountain," "Lake Louise and Emerald Lake."

Capture in her strong water colors of Canada's brilliant atmosphere as well as the country's more sober moods occasioned much favorable comment. Her show contains also pictures painted in New York and in the West Indies.

An African Superstition

Natives Believe Babies Should Be Smoked Over Fire

One of the most peculiar tribal customs among natives of darkest Africa is the superstition that a baby must be smoked over the smoke of a camp fire in order to make it "pure" and such a baby must not associate with those which was not "smoked" as an infant.

Such was the report of Miss Ruth C. Cowles, R.N., at Johannesburg, South Africa, a nurse of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. She is a native of New Britain, Conn., and her parents live in Alhambra, California.

"But we are gradually proving," Miss Cowles wrote, "that such superstitions are groundless, and that, smoked or unsmoked, are safe in the hands of our native Christian nurses."

A Mystery

Safe Stolen Two Years Ago Is Found On Prairie

Believed to be the same safe stolen from Harnsworth, Sask., two years ago, a safe was "blown" on prairie land, near the Black Hawk mine at Blentfort, over the weekend, according to word reaching R.C.M.P. headquarters at Regina. There was nothing in the safe but papers.

During the two years elapsed since the Harnsworth safe was stolen, no trace of it was found. Mounted police are working on the theory that those responsible for the theft secreted the safe in the prairie near the Blentfort mine where it was found and "blown" by a second gang over the weekend.

Exhibit Draws Crowds

Canada's exhibit at the Century of Progress Exposition, Chicago, is drawing a daily attendance of approximately 15,000 persons, according to information reaching the Department of the Interior. The number represents about 15 per cent of the total daily attendance at the exposition.

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Mollisons Crash On Landing At Bridgeport Airport

Bridgeport, Conn.—After conquering the north Atlantic and flying over 60 miles of their goal, the British air crew, Amy and Jim Mollison, crashed their black biplane at the airport near here Sunday night, coupled with slight injuries.

The couple, who had set out from Pendine, Wales, Saturday in an effort to fly non-stop to New York, circled the airport five times in an apparent effort to find a safe landing place. The airport is located in the village of Stratford, near here.

Captain Mollison told a doctor at the Bridgeport hospital that he had run short of fuel while coming down the coast.

He said he saw the lights of the Bridgeport airport and decided to land there. He said he circled the field five times before he put the plane down.

The airport was lighted on the chance they might land there, and Fred Moller, airport manager, was at the administration building when their ship appeared.

On each of the five circuits of the field the aviators attempted to come down on the regular runways of the aerodrome without success. Moller was signalling frantically all the while.

After their sixth attempt to land they came down in a drainage ditch some distance from the field. The biplane nosed into a soft marshland and both of the flyers were thrown clear of the machine.

Working with pocket lanterns, searchers discovered them about 400 feet from the bankside of the airfield.

"For God's sake come over here," shouted Jim Mollison from out of the darkness.

The searchers quickly found him, suffering from cuts and bruises. His wife was lying about 15 feet away. The searchers reached into the smashed plane and cut away enough fabric to fashion stretchers for both of the flyers.

Using them they rushed the Britons to conveyances, then to the Bridgeport hospital.

"I was so tired I didn't know where I was headed," Mollison told hospital attendants.

"He couldn't see. He couldn't see," moaned his wife.

A huge welcome had been awaiting them at Floyd Bennett Field, which Saturday night was the scene of Wiley Post's arrival at the conclusion of his world flight. General Italo Balbo had paid a visit to the airport during the afternoon to review some of the progress of the couple.

The airport here, on the shores of Long Island Sound, was the first one of any size before their goal. The Mollisons were literally in sight of New York when the crash occurred.

After a clear night the lighter air of city's skyscrapers can be seen from the air here.

City after city from Nova Scotia to Connecticut had sighted the plane, called the "Seafarer," on the south-westerly flight during the afternoon and early evening. It passed over Advocate Harbor, N.S., at 2:30 p.m. E.S.T., and was first seen in the United States at Bar Harbor, Maine.

The trans-Atlantic journey the first leg of a 12,000-mile triangular flight planned by the couple. After arriving in New York they had planned to rest for a short time and then back-track their ocean trail and continue across Europe to Baghdad. Thence they intended to go back to London.

A Little Imperial Economic Parley To Be Held In London

London, Eng.—"A little imperial economic conference" is going to be held at London as soon as the world economic conference is adjourned.

But from all indications all these sources that have been clamoring for an empire economic parley to take place of the world conference, are going to be disappointed. On authoritative information it is learned the empire parley will concern itself only with ways and means of smoothing out the complaints that have arisen in various quarters from the working out of the Ottawa Imperial Conference trade pact.

And these complaints will largely

The start of the journey for the 28-year-old Captain Mollison and his wife, who is four years younger, had been long delayed. They had damaged their plane in an attempted take-off at Croydon airport, near London, on June 8. After repairs were made they were forced to wait for weeks for favorable weather.

Mrs. Mollison, wearing white overalls and carrying a lipstick as her only baggage, termed the forthcoming journey "the greatest adventure of my life."

Manitoba Crops

Drouth and Hoppers Reduce Yield In Many Sections

Winnipeg, Man.—Varied crop prospects in Manitoba, ranging from excellent in the area north of Riding Mountain to poor in the extreme south-western corner, are reported in the summary issued by the Manitoba department of agriculture.

Absence of adequate rain and grasshopper damage continue as outstanding factors. Rain has been insufficient for seven weeks. A considerable section of the Red River Valley and a strip across southern Manitoba near the Dakota boundary are now infested with full-grown, flying hoppers, says the report.

Rather than chance loss through drouth and hoppers, some farmers are cutting their crop for green feed.

Visiting Western Provinces

Trip Of Dominion Liberal Leader To Last Five Weeks

Ottawa, Ont.—On the first stage of a western trip which will occupy five weeks and probably take him to all the main provinces, Rt. Hon. Mackenzie King, Dominion Liberal Leader, left Ottawa July 19.

The Liberal leader may visit the World Grain Exhibition at Regina. He will go to his own constituency of Prince Albert for a couple of weeks.

Mr. King may also visit the constituency of Mackenzie, Sask., where a by-election is set for the seat vacated by the appointment of Mr. X. Campbell to the tariff board is to take place.

British Empire Conference

Advances Proposal For Empire To Discuss Its Own Affairs

Melbourne, Australia.—Australia today in the expression heard elsewhere, official and unofficial to the effect the empire should hold its own conference if the World Economic Conference proves a failure.

Addressing a gathering of ex-servicemen here Hon. H. G. Latham, A.L.A., secretary of the British Empire Conference, declared: "If the World Economic Conference fails I earnestly hope an attempt will be made to hold a British Empire conference at which empire affairs may be placed upon a co-ordinated and co-operative basis."

Prominent Rotarian Dies

Vancouver, B.C.—James W. Davison, former Calgary business man and prominent Rotarian, died here following a lengthy illness. He was 61 years of age. Mr. Davison was a former president of the Crown Lumber Company in Calgary. He had spent two years travelling in India, the Orient, Australia and New Zealand organizing Rotary clubs.

Whether the conference between representatives of the United Kingdom and empire governments will succeed to arrive at any agreement on empire currencies, or any further steps towards empire economic cooperation at large, is doubtful. Voluntary agreements—and the "voluntary" is stressed—remove the subject from the complete, and to be the sole aim of the empire meeting.

To Head Party

Woodworth Elected Chairman Of C.C.F. Organization

Regina, Sask.—James S. Woodworth, veteran labor chief and provincial president since the formation of the C.C.F. in Calgary a year ago, Friday night was unanimously elected first national chairman of the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation.

The tall bearded labor member of parliament from Winnipeg North Centre was given a rousing reception when he was declared elected after Robert Gardiner, M.P. for Acadia, and E. J. Garland, M.P. for Bow River, declined nominations.

Six provinces named three representatives each to form the national council. Those elected were:

British Columbia—Angus McInnis, M.P.; Vancouver; George Williams, Kamloops; and W. A. Prichard, Vancouver.

Alberta—William Irvine, M.P.; Wetaskiwin; Robert Gardiner, M.P.; Acadia; and Elmer Roper, Edmonton.

Saskatchewan—George Williams, Regina; M. J. Caldwell, Regina; and Mrs. Sophia Olson, Unity.

Manitoba—Miss Beatrice Bridgen, Brandon; John Queen, M.L.A., Winnipeg; and S. J. Farmer, M.L.A., Winnipeg.

Ontario—Miss Agnes Macphail, M.P., South East Grey; Captain Elmer Philpott, Toronto; and Thomas Cruden, Toronto.

Quebec—J. L. Whitty, Aldermen Joseph Shubert and Lloyd Hammond, all of Montreal.

The 18 selected will form the council for the next year, although representation from the Maritimes may be added when provincial councils there are formed.

Accepting the election, Mr. Woodworth complimented the delegates on the spirit of good will that had prevailed during the convention "and I think we can look forward to a progressive year," he declared.

Russia Would Purchase United States Products

Trade Depends Largely On Adequate Facilities For Credit

Washington.—Russia is negotiating for purchase of \$100,000,000 of American farm and mine products, and, if adequate credit facilities can be obtained, is contemplating the purchase of up to \$1,000,000,000 worth of goods in the country.

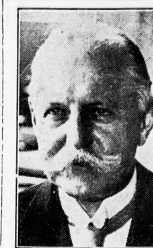
Persons familiar with the negotiations said Russia wants large quantities of cotton, sugar and nonferrous metals, and would resume her formerly large purchases of Russian and industrial machinery if conditions were suitable. Talks between American trade representatives and officials of the United States regarding the sale have taken place but are still in the most general stage of stage.

General Balbo Visits President

Washington.—General Italo Balbo, leader of the Italian armada that flew across the Atlantic by way of Canada, to visit the Century of Progress Exposition in Chicago arrived at Washington for a visit to President Roosevelt. Officers numbering 30 of his air fleet accompanied him to Washington in U.S. army planes.

HAPPY JACK TABS ARRIVE FOR BISLEY

BEFORE CONFERENCE



Francis Edward Powell, chief of the International Sugar Board, who was called before the Sugar Commission at the World Economic Conference on the sugar situation.

Home and School Federation

Officers Elected At Biennial Convention In Port Arthur

Port Arthur, Ont.—Dr. G. W. Kerby, Calgary, was elected president of the Canadian National Home and School Federation at closing sessions of the third biennial convention here.

Other officers were elected as follows: Vice-President, Mrs. E. S. McLaughlin, Oshawa, Ont.; Provincial vice-presidents: Ontario, Mrs. McLaughlin; British Columbia, Mrs. A. De Kellogg, Vancouver; Alberta, Dr. Kerby; acting vice-presidents: Saskatchewan, W. J. Young, Saskatoon; Manitoba, John Hultstead, Winnipeg; Maritimes and Newfoundland, Miss Dora Baker, Truro, N.S.

Vancouver was chosen for the 1935 convention and the British Columbia federation's campaign was adopted as part of its policy by the organization.

Canadian Business Important

United States Pleaded To Note Recovery Of Canada

New York.—Commenting on the "recovery" of wide-spread improvement of business in Canada," the New York Times says:

"That these gains have been made without any plan deliberately to appreciate the Canadian dollar offers further proof of the strength of national forces now tending to promote recovery."

The Times also notes: "The evidence of Canadian improvement is of special interest to the United States inasmuch as more American capital is invested in Canada than in any other foreign country, and Canadian markets are second in importance only to those of the United Kingdom as an outlet for American goods."

To Silence Gun

Vancouver, B.C.—The gun whose booming note at 9 p.m. has been booby-trapped to wait-pulling for 21 years, will be silenced after Sunday night next. Its original purpose of supplying stings for oil-baited harem-keepers has passed. The Dominion Government has decided to save its annual cost in powder of \$300. The gun was cut in 1916 and brought out to defend Esquimaut.

C. C. F. Revolutionary In Character, States Hon. Mackenzie King

Noted British Editor Dead

Viscount Burnham Was Prominent Figure For Many Years

London, Eng.—Viscount Burnham, noted newspaper proprietor, editor and publicist, died suddenly at his home here July 20. He continued his normally active life until two days before his death, when he attended a meeting of the joint select committee on Indian constitutional reform, of which he was a member.

Viscount Burnham was a prominent figure for many years in numerous sides of British life. He was 71 years old.

He was best known for his association over a long and important period, including that of the Great War, with the Daily Telegraph.

Viscount Burnham virtually grew up in the Telegraph office, under his father, the first Lord Burnham, who died in 1916.

When a few years ago, he sold the newspaper he had been in journalism more than 40 years.

Seek Treasure

Plan To Recover Bullion From Sunk-in Lusitania

Chicago.—A plan to salvage the treasure reputedly on the liner "Lusitania," sunk by a German U-boat during the war, was revealed by Charles Courtney, president of the American Association of Master Locksmiths.

Courtney, who is en route to Cleveland, said work will begin in the liner, in the ocean off the Irish coast, as soon as weather conditions are favorable.

Although the ship's manifest, published shortly after she sank, listed no gold, amount of metal aboard has been variously estimated from \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, Courtney said.

Conversion Loan Plan

Great Britain Is Seeking To Convert War Loan

London, Eng.—Great Britain, seeking to convert 5 1/2 per cent. war loan bonds floated in the United States in 1917 into 2 1/2 per cent. sterling bonds, asked the American holders to accept abrogation of the bonds' gold clause.

As an inducement an offer was made of conversion of each old \$146 bond into \$1000 bond in sterling bond of £250—that is, at the rate of \$3.84 against the parity of \$4.86 which the United States dollar and pound exchange rate fluctuated Wednesday.

The bonds were floated just before America entered the Great War in 1917.

Glaxo Nurse In Rifle Shoot

Bisley Camp, Eng.—A Glaxo nurse and daughter of a famous military family, Miss Helen Rottenburgh, was one of the five women competitors at the classic King's prize service rifle match opened in the National Rifle Association empire meeting. There are nearly 1,000 in the King's shoot and 14 are from Canada.

Winnipeg Police Quell Riot Staged By Demonstrators

Winnipeg, Man.—About 1,000 unemployed demonstrators, bent on airing their grievances over closing of the outdoor department of the Winnipeg General Hospital, stormed the city hall here Thursday in an attempt to interview the civic unemployment relief committee and police reserves were called out to quell the disturbance.

Charging the yelling and milling demonstrators with tear gas hitting, the policemen broke up the demonstration at the rear of the city hall, where the demonstrators quickly ran to the front of the building on Main Street, Winnipeg's main thoroughfare, where they demanded an audience with the civic unemployment relief officers.

Extra police reserves were called out, bringing the number of officers to 120. The mob was slowly edged down Main Street, to a small lane,

Winnipeg, Man.—Plan of the Canadian Co-Operative Commonwealth Federation is revolutionary in character. It advocates state control of the great industries of the Dominion and of Canada's financial institutions. It assumes that state control of everything will result in liberty. In reality the effect will be to destroy liberty.

With positive emphasis, Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Dominion Liberal Leader, made these assertions to a gathering of some 300 people who attended his complimentary dinner here Friday night. He did not, he said, use the word "revolutionary" as indicating violence in the part of the C.C.F., but while the C.C.F. leaders might not have in mind any violence, Mr. King asked his audience how it would attain its end even by the use of force.

State control of industry and finance inevitably meant that individuals must accept the decisions of those in power as to where they would work, what they would do, and how and when they would do it. And a force would inevitably grow up to see that the will of those in authority was carried out.

Assistance Given Manitoba

Arrangements For Financing

Winnipeg, Man.—Apart from the financial assistance rendered Saskatchewan in respect of areas in which there was a three-year crop failure, the Dominion Government has helped the province of Manitoba more than any other province, according to a statement issued by Hon. T. G. Murphy, Minister of the Interior.

The statement detailed financial aid given Manitoba and claimed that the province had been rendered in connection with other responsibilities, it was incumbent on the Manitoba Government to make its own arrangements for financing direct unemployment relief.

Canada Loses At Bisley

Famous Kolapore Cup Goes To Mother Country

Bisley Camp, England.—By the narrow margin of seven points the historic Ralph of Kolapore's imperial challenge cup Friday passed from Canada's possession into that of the Mother Country.

The Mother Country's marksmen tallied 1,115 points out of a possible 1,200 in the match to win the senior team trophy of the imperial meeting of the National Rifle Association. Canada's team of eight was in second place with 1,108.

Prince's Herd Big Winner

Edmonton, Alta.—The Prince of Wales' herd from High River was again a big winner at the Edmonton exhibition. In the Shorthorn class Princeton Champion won the junior and grand champion, also first in junior get-of-sire, progeny of dual and breeder's herd, Campbell Farms, of Moffat, Ont., showed the senior female champion, which was made reserve grand.



Our press photographer, looking around for an optimistic subject to "shoot," bumped into these naval ex-entrants from H.M.S. Pembroke, arriving in Surrey to participate in the National Rifle Association's Bisley shooting. By their faces, the long ranges at Bisley hold no terrors for them.

Curtailing Wheat Production

Bushel Rather Than Average Basis Gives Best Hope Of Success

"The three Western Wheat Pools are unanimous in their opinion that so long as world markets for wheat are disorganized by abnormally large carryover, steps should be taken to secure an international agreement which would provide for the allocation of quotas to be delivered by the principal wheat exporting countries on the basis of world requirements. The method to be adopted by each of these exporting countries in controlling deliveries to the world's markets should be a domestic matter to be settled by each of these countries."

This statement was made in a recent address by George W. Robertson, secretary of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool.

Briefly, the plan seeks to lift the unmarketable wheat surplus out of the "visible supply" altogether, and it would remain out of the "visible supply" so long as the international agreement was in force. The individual grower would be under no restrictions whatever as to acreage and production, but the maximum amount of wheat which he could market from any given crop would be fixed as a result of the quota agreement. How he treated the balance would be entirely in his own hands.

It would mean that reserves could be held on the farms themselves instead of being stored in elevators as a constant threat to prices level. Acreage reduction by the grower is not favored. "The Wheat Pool organization," Mr. Robertson stated, "is of the opinion that legislation enacted in this country for straight acreage reduction would be exceedingly difficult, if not impossible, to enforce, and that the net result would be unsatisfactory to the producer."

"It would appear that a bushel rather than an acreage basis gives the best hope of success in bringing about a better relationship between wheat production and consumption."

Natives Take To Exploring

University Graduates Of India Start Expedition On Foot

Their imagination fired and their spirit of adventure aroused by the success of the Houston Mount Everest Expedition, native Indians are going in for mountain climbing and exploration. At Ahmedabad an Indian armad proposes to fly over the Himalayas, and an expedition on foot is now on its way to conquer the Thud Glacier, in the United Provinces, near Nangi Devi, a 22,000-foot peak of one of the central off-shoots of the Himalayas. Nearly all the members of this expedition are university graduates. They will collect flora and fauna and take a film of their journey.

Bank Of England

To Be The Strongest Fortress In The British Isles

London's newest fortress is the Bank of England. When the building is completed, bombs will be unable to harm it and high explosive shells will be useless against its walls.

Work on the "fortification" of the bank has been in progress since 1925 and it will be another three years before it is completed. Originally it was calculated to take about twelve years to make it the strongest fortress in the British Isles at a cost of about \$25,000,000.

Idea Not Very Good

Tokio Man Has Novel Proposal To Restore Property

A novel proposal to restore property by increasing the public's purchasing power has been thought out by Mr. Monosuke Fukuzawa, of Tokyo. He suggests that each of Japan's 80,000,000 inhabitants should be given a \$50 note good for a limited period. Everyone would have to spend his or her note before the "time limit" expired otherwise it would be useless. The bankers, however, are rather skeptical.

Low Price Induced

"Can you imagine?" cried Kaitale, the waitress. "That fellow I waited on just now said he was 'time dollars' now. Did that mean five dollars each?"

"No," replied Kaitale, the cashier. "That's five dollars a hundred, of course."

"Hm-m! No wonder farmers are kicking," sighed Kaitale. "Imagine only a nickel apiece for pigs!"

W. N. 17 1934

English Postage Stamps

Some Slight Changes In Color and Design Are Contemplated

The drab English postage stamp, showing only a picture of the ruling sovereign, is to be altered but only slightly.

Sir Kingsley Wood, Postmaster-General, announced this while addressing a banquet of the philatelic congress in London. He said:

"Great Britain, early next year, will have an issue of new stamps as the present expires at the end of the year. I hope to take the opportunity of making some changes in design and possibly color."

"It is not proposed to alter the size or the general character of the stamps which will of course bear the head of the king."

"Criticism is sometimes made that our stamps remain unaltered. It is the valued tradition of Great Britain that our stamps should bear the effigy of the ruling sovereign. They are distinguished also by the fact that it is unnecessary for them to bear the name of the country of issue."

"Any variation of size would mean the complete alteration of stamp machines, of which there are 9,000 in London alone."

Feed Shortage

Farmers In Drought Areas Advised To Conserve Old Straw Fines

Fearing a shortage of feed and fodder in drought affected areas of Saskatchewan, Dominion Government Experimental Farm, and are from seeds taken from one of the 10,000 samples taken from 2,700 entries received from over 20 different countries in the competitive classes at the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference. The seeds were placed in the ground on May 1st and plucked on June 22 in full ear with all shoots strong, clean and healthy.

Hon. Howard McConnell, Minister of Municipal Affairs, attended a meeting of representatives of 11 municipalities, at Davidson, where the matter was placed before the meeting by municipal delegates. They were alarmed at the possibility of a serious fodder shortage.

Mr. McConnell said that every individual that that a measure of direct relief would have to be provided for these municipalities, but that he was not sure the government could do so. He stated that the government could not supply feed and fodder for feeders, but that in so far as work horses and mules were for production for home consumption that the attitude in this regard would be different.

Porcupines Of The Sea

Globe-Fishes Can Make Themselves Immune From Attack

Various sea creatures, like the moon, wax and wane in size. Some have the power of growing larger than normal as a temporary expedient, thus reducing themselves. Others regularly grow smaller, and then start life afresh. The fishes called globe-fishes, or puffers, and their relatives, the porcupine-fishes can by swallowing water or air, make their bodies swell up like balloons. They are too round in shape to be fast swimmers, but they wear an armor of spines which appear as a truly terrible parade when they puff themselves up and float. No predatory fish dare attack these porcupines of the sea. When they deflate themselves, by expelling the air, a loud hissing sound is produced.

Accident Was Lucky

Curse Smuggler On Jugo-Slavian Frontier Almost Got By

Completely dumb in appearance and behaviour, a woman tried to cross the Jugo-Slavian frontier into Italy at Salsola. She was searched as a smuggler of foreign currency, but none was found on her. A clumsy official straightening up suddenly, however, knocked her on the chin with his head. The woman ejected herself by a volley of choice words. The packet was found to contain nearly \$500 in notes of large denomination tightly rolled and wrapped in water-proof paper. The money was confiscated and the woman imprisoned.

Was Shipping Magnate

Sir John Ellerman, Richest Man In England, Is Dead

Sir John Ellerman, shipping magnate and reputedly the richest man in England, died recently at Dieppe, France. He was 71 years old.

Sir John created a fortune in 1905 was controlling owner of the Ellerman, City, Hall and Buckland lines, and other steamship companies. Formerly he was principal owner of the Leyland Line.

Sir John was believed to be worth more than £20,000,000. The shipping magnate's income was estimated at £1,000,000 yearly, yet he lived in one house in Mayfair and sold a Scotch castle three years ago.

IS THIS A RECORD FOR GERMINATION?



These stands of wheat were taken from one of the plots at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, Dominion Government Experimental Farm, and are from seeds taken from one of the 10,000 samples taken from 2,700 entries received from over 20 different countries in the competitive classes at the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference. The seeds were placed in the ground on May 1st and plucked on June 22 in full ear with all shoots strong, clean and healthy.

Light According To Job

Whitehall Officials Grade Candels

The high officials of Whitehall have decided that the power of the electric lamp that lights a man's desk must be in strict ratio to what it earns.

When the electric light was first installed in Whitehall a great social error was committed. Every one from the highest official to the most junior clerk was given a lamp of the same candle power.

That system, which continued in force for years, is now being reformed.

All electric lamp bulbs are being removed and new bulbs substituted under the following order: Junior clerks—30 candle-power. Higher clerks—50 candle-power. Quite important clerks—100 candle-power.

Permanent under-secretary for state—200 candle-power.

A high treasury official has written a poem of praise:

"The minister rich just presses his switch.

And a floodlight illumines his path.

The poor junior clerk has to work in the dark.

As his chief has been doing for ages."

The new system is now in working order.

World's Highest Postal Lane

The man entrusted with carrying the mails from Tachien, China, to Litung and Batang never drops below an altitude of 9,000 feet, and never sight a beacon light or a landing field.

At his chief has been doing for ages."

The new system is now in working order.

At his chief has been doing for ages."

The new system is now in working order.

At his chief has been doing for ages."

The new system is now in working order.

At his chief has been doing for ages."

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The new system is now in working order.

At his chief has been doing for ages."

The new system is now in working order.

New Diphtheria Serum

Will Immunize Six Months Old Baby

The Alabama Health Department has developed a new diphtheria serum which it says will immunize a six-month-old baby for life by a single injection.

Dr. J. N. Baker, state health officer, said the serum had been developed by the national institute of health at Washington, and the Alabama committee of public health, and was the result of exhaustive research by the late Dr. Leon C. Haven, for 12 years director of the state laboratories here.

The health officer said the new precipitate toxoid was from 20 to 50 times as active as the crude toxoid.

Using Compressed Air

Spanish Engineer Has Invented New Type Of Plane

Compressed air is used as motive power in a new type of flying machine invented at Madrid by a Spanish engineer, Don Fernando Garfido. He hopes to achieve virtually vertical flying in this machine, and also to reach the stratosphere in it. Don Fernando is well known in Spain as the author of the scheme for boring a tunnel under the Straits of Gibraltar.

A Race Of Builders

Three hundred years ago apple trees were imported from Normandy into Acadia to lay the foundation of the now famous apple orchards of the Annapolis Valley. One hundred and fifty years later the United Empire Loyalists came to New Brunswick.

Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island. Today the three Maritime provinces have a population of more than a million people and with developed and undeveloped natural resources capable of supporting many times that number.—Financial Post.



"No nation can now stand alone."—Mr. Ramsay MacDonald.

"Oh, can't it?"—Mr. Panama.

(Panama is the only nation not taking part in the World Conference.)—

Struthe in the Daily Express.

London's Famous Squares

Stateless Homes Being Crowded Out By Business Premises

London's famous squares are changing rapidly. Under the westward sweep of trade the stateless old houses are being crowded out by business premises and flats, writes James A. Kilpatrick in the Overseas Daily Mail. Grosvenor Square is the last stronghold of Mayfair to be invaded. Grosvenor Square is to follow, and work has just begun on a lofty block of offices in St. James's Square.

From the only record left of these charming bits of London will be a few prints and pictures. Several painters give us fragments of this vanishing beauty at the Royal Academy, and architects show us what is going to happen when they have had their will with them. It is the way of progress.

There are 140 squares in London, ranging in size from Gough Square, that precious little relic of Dr. Johnson's day hidden away in the labyrinth of alleys behind Fleet Street, to the spacious acres of Trafalgar Square and most of them are being changed, and hardly any in the West End have escaped.

Popular Idioms Approved

"It Is Me" and Many Others Considered Good English

Mother's who have labored for years to remove from their youngsters' conversation such phrases as "It is me" and "Who are you looking for?" may leave off their practice.

The National Council of Teachers of English recently voted to approve the following idioms as well established in good colloquial usage:

"It is me."
"Who are you looking for?"
"Twice winter you wish."
"None are expected."
"Everyone was here but they all went home early."

"It is my climate."
"Pretty good."
"Afully cold."
"I felt badly about it."
"Good to drive or go slow."
"Move quick."
"Try and get well."
"Had rather."

Customs Subject To Change

People Find It Easy To Form New Habits If Necessary

The habitable is now frowned upon in Italy. When friends meet they are expected to exchange the Fascist salute—"handshaking." It is stated "it is unhygienic." Well, perhaps the "handshaking" order will produce the desired effect. Habits can be altered. The Chinese, accustomed in his own country to shake hands with himself when he meets a friend, now falls into the Western custom when he converses with a friend. A goodly number of a lot in modern Italy. Already kissing has been virtually abolished in the land of Mussolini—at least in public. Censor has cut out all the kisses from the films, and cinema-goers who supply their own mind and themselves arrested by the militia.

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No Evidence Of Ability

Good Handwriting Fails Standard For Judging Says Headmaster

Good handwriting is no guide to ability, according to Dr. Terry Thomas, headmaster of Leeds Grammar School, speaking at a conference held by the Incorporated Association of Headmasters' Council in London. Many people, he declared, were prone to judge a boy's ability by his handwriting and his capacity for arithmetic. These were false standards, for most able people write a bad hand, and pure arithmetic denoted nothing but mechanical skill developed by practice.

Spends Pension On Air Trips

Englishman Regrets Weekly Income Limits Fight To Two

George E. Smith, aged 85, of Kingston Road, Meriton, Surrey, England, is fond of flying that he spends his old-age pension on aerial trips.

His one regret is that the weekly 10 shillings limits his flights to two. I cannot understand young people being afraid of flying, says Mr. Smith. "It is the most exhilarating experience in the world, and each flight makes me feel 10 years younger."

"I would rather go without my tobacco than miss a flight."

"Everything that's bought goes to the buyer, doesn't it?"

"No. Some things such as coal, go to the seller."

Beyond The Pale

Kidnappers Continue Their Frightful Trade In U.S. Cities

Eight American states impose or at any rate provide in their laws, the death penalty for kidnapping with extortion as the motive. In thirteen the penalty is imprisonment for life. In all the others it is a long jail term. After the abduction and murder of young Charles Lindbergh last year, Congress enacted a model legislation made "inter-state kidnapping" a federal offense punishable by twenty years in prison.

Yet the kidnapers continue their frightful trade in American cities. The severity of the laws against them seems to be no deterrent. The kidnapping of a recent week have been in Illinois where a kidnapper may be hanged, and in New York where he but true to say that the most appalling of rackets still flourishes because of the uncertainty of punishment. The failure of the state to protect the members of the Lindbergh child shocked and alarmed the decent citizens. It encouraged those who were meditating life crimes, especially since an immense sum was paid in ransom and not recovered.

Among criminals the kidnapper seems somehow further beyond the pale than any other. Even a murderer sometimes shows great enough provocation to get sympathy from humane and gentle people. But one can never imagine an extenuating circumstance for the kidnapper. He is in league with the most vicious of the race. Every man's hand is against him. When he strikes, his fellow citizens are moved not only by writhing and agonized dismay, but by the how American feel about the kidnappers who terrorize their towns, but how to get rid of the light seems to be at the moment beyond the wit of their police forces.—Winnipeg Free Press.

Green Foods For Poultry

Dried Plant Leaves Contain Most Minerals and Vitamins

Without doubt one of the most important considerations in choosing green foods for poultry is the form in which they should be given. Poultry to the relatively small capacity of poultry, it is necessary to give them a very concentrated ration in order that they can consume sufficient food to produce the enormous amount of food products per unit of body weight of which they are capable. Good is available in two forms, namely, as dried leaves of plants and fresh as green. Since as far as is known at the present time, drying under proper conditions, removes only water from the plant, dry leaves of plants contain proportionately more of minerals and vitamins than fresh plants. This point is readily established by various tables on vitamins and nutrient contents of feeds in form of plants and dried plants, and is being issued by the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

Cheapest Monarchy In World

Financial Relations Between King George and Taxpayers Frontal

The crown of Britain is the cheapest monarchy in the world. The taxpayers actually make a profit of £740,000 (about \$2,500,000) out of the financial relations between the King and the state, for, though the King draws a nominal salary of £470,000, (\$1,800,000) he voluntarily relinquishes every £112,000 (\$450,000) in revenue from the crown lands. The King's real salary is £110,000 (\$440,000) a year. The rest of the civil list total is earmarked for salaries, expenses, and upkeep of the royal households and palaces. The sum of £12,500 (\$50,000) is given every year on royal bounty and alms, apart from personal donations of the King and Queen. Only two of the royal residences, Sandringham and Balmoral, are the King's private property. They were bequeathed to him by King Edward.

Undoing Good Work

If Inefficient Teachers Are Hired As Matter Of Economy

It takes a bit of wisdom to economize wisely. The action of some school boards throughout the country of hiring the cheapest teacher available recalls the old adage, "Penny wise, pound foolish." There is a tendency to overlook the good work that has been done by the best and most efficient teachers and for the sake of saving a little salary to engage young and untutored teachers, to fill existing positions in the way that the undoing of building up a school over a period of years is practically undone overnight.

Artificial sunshine has lowered the death rate in the London zoo.

ONLY FIRESTONE gives you all these EXTRA VALUES

T Twenty-five to Forty per cent. longer life at no extra cost . . . that's the bonus you get for buying Firestone Tires.

Firestones do not cost one cent more than ordinary tires, but only in Firestone tires can you get a combination of Gum-Dipped Cords, 2 Extra Cord Plies under the tread, Balanced Construction and a scientifically designed Non-skid tread which make for extra strength . . . extra safety and extra mileage.

Firestone Tires are guaranteed for 12 months against blowouts, cuts, bruises and all other road hazards except punctures.

Replace worn tires today. Buy Firestone . . . the strongest, safest and most economical of tires. See the nearest Firestone Dealer today.

Firestone

THE TIRE THAT TAUGHT THRIFT TO THOUSANDS

ALBERTA DEALERS
ACME—R. N. Windsor.
ARROWWOOD—Larsen Implement Co.
BANFF—Danl Motor Co.; Bow Garage.
BIG VALLEY—McAlister Motors.
BEDFORD—Richardson Bros.
STONEY PLAIN—Barth & Anderson.
VERMILION—D. L. Kennedy.
VIRKING—McAhey & Sons.
WESTLOCK—Ray's Service Station.
WETASKIWIN—J. N. Schreffler.
DAWSON CREEK—W. C. Haug.
FORT ST. JOHN—Boyer & Merion.

MANITOBA DEALERS
BALDWIN—Hunter & Gemmill.
BELMONT—D. Maloney.
BINSCHANG—Drews Bros. Garage.
CAHRIBERY—C. A. Bear.
KUTVING—J. E. Newman.
DOMINION CITY—Maynes Bros.
RHODES—McGraw & Nison.
SOMERSET—Louis Groszart.
STONEWALL—Stonewall Motors.
WAWANESA—R. J. Secaney.

Gum-Dipped Cords
Give your tires extra corded and rubber tread for longer life.

2 Extra Cord Plies
Under the tread give extra protection against road hazards and make Firestone tires safe at any speed.

25% more Non-Skid Wear
The Firestone tread is wider, deeper and scientifically designed for positive traction and safety.

"Ahem! I see no reason for that, Miss Hoyt. You have mastered far more difficult studies. This one is very simple—ah, here is a splendid piece of work," taking up Peter Anson's sketch as he passed on his way toward Camilla, and holding it up for the inspection of the class. "You see, the proportions are perfect—in fact, it is a replica of the original. Mr. Anson," he turned suddenly, "will you look at Miss Hoyt's sketch and see if you can find her trouble. You want experience as a critic, so tell us what should be done about it."

Peter and Camilla exchanged apologetic glances that escaped the instructor's professionally keen eyes. Peter hesitated. "But I'd much rather not criticize the work of fellow students, sir."

"And now," demanded Professor Drake, "do you expect to criticize the work of professionals if you do not begin on students? Perhaps," he suggested, "your criticisms would be of greater value to Miss Hoyt, even, than mine would be."

Peter smiled pleasantly and stepped back to Camilla's chair. "In that case," he said, "I'll be glad to offer suggestions," and his smile was transferred to Camilla, as his big eyes met her startled blackening on blue. Like sunshine settling on blue, she thought, reaching her sketch pad toward him at arm's length before he had a chance to come closer.

She wanted to escape from the room, to hide her burning face; but her fascinated gaze was held by his cool face as he inspected her work. Of Camilla thought she detected an amused flicker at the corners of his mouth that leaped up and sparkled in

running out of the building into the spring sunshine. The art school building boasted a classic setting along a magnificent parkway that followed on toward the art museum, a formal garden and a lagoon that mirrored walls of Georgian marble, splashing fountains and verdant foliage.

The park benches already had been put out by the custodian, testifying to the season with their new green paint. Camilla slipped through the blue hedge and sank down upon one of them with her head pillowed on her arm flung across the back of it. Silent, angry sob shook her shoulders. Turbulent thoughts seethed in her mind. Life was a wretched thing. It pushed you into some queer circumstance, like a foaming whirlpool, and then challenged you to struggle out of it, jerking at you from the shore and pushing you back into the torrent again when you managed to gain a secure hold that promised safety and serenity.

Ever since she had discovered, three years ago, that life was a mad whirlpool, she had made the valiant effort to conquer it. And just when she grasped a rock of hope and was feeling its solid security, she had slipped back into the eddying chaos again. Meeting Peter Anson had done that to her. And to-day, she thought, reaching her sketch pad toward him at arm's length before he had a chance to come closer.

A more prosaic person might scold at Camilla's mental attitude, and call it hypochondria and fantasy. But, of course, Camilla was not prosaic. Her aesthetic mind matched her astonishingly keen beauty. She was dramatic and vi-

for Greek gods or any others—unless it was a fair-haired youth who might have personified a god in Norse myths, so much like a Thor or a Balder did he look. But she resolved now that even if she had the opportunity, she never would speak to him. He was as vain and conceited as he was handsome. So ran her distorted thoughts that were a mixture of resentment, humiliation, and love.

A hand touched her shoulder, lightly, then rested more heavily with gentle caresses. Camilla's pale quivered through Camilla's tense body.

(To Be Continued.)

Treasures Concealed In Highwayman's Coat

Money and Rings Belonging To Dick Turpin Just Found

Plum-colored coat which belonged to Dick Turpin, the notorious highwayman, contained money and jewelry which have just been discovered. The articles, six silver coins and two copper coins, mixed between 1711 and 1722, a gold ring, two silver rings, and a pair of silver-gilt earrings, were found by Mr. R. Butler, of London, who recently bought the coat, mask, pistols, and spurs which Dick Turpin left at the Three Tuns Inn, Cambridge, on January 12, when he escaped from the Newgate runners. He was hanged before he could reclaim them. The treasures were revealed by a half-crown dropping from the lining.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Allan Macmillan

PEACE

No gift is lovelier than peace. Which, after about and clamor ceases, Real earth's tumult brings release.

He who has known youth's leading years, That dancing floors of wild desire, That strength which struggle never tires.

He who has climbed ambition's heights Through anxious days and sleepless nights, Urged on in search of fame's delights.

He knows, when the quest is past, The trials, more the trouble, more the strife, His pride is barren gain, at last.

And so to peace in time he turns, Its priceless worth one day he learns, For peace his wearied spirit yearns.

No high-valued toy, no golden fleece, He covets more, through wisdom's slow increase, Life over a more dear than peace!

Finds Canadians Friendly

Outstanding Characteristic Of People Opinion Of Lord Bessborough
More than two years' experience as Canada's Governor-General has convinced the Earl of Bessborough, the outstanding trait of Canadians as a race is their friendliness.

As for visible features: the sparkling depths of her brown eyes first attracted you, then the childish curve of her red lips; her nose was an inconspicuous thing that served to complete her facial requirements and her skin was like ivory satin that tempered the caress of your finger to see if it is soft as it looks. This picture was framed in a cloud of shining hair, black as ebony, and you could not soon forget the sweet, low lingering way the black curls clung to the curve of her neck.

These are merely suggestions of the glowing beauty of Camilla. But the Greeks had a superstition that the gods were jealous of a man—or woman—who had too much good fortune, so they pulled him down. As Solon neatly put it to Croesus, "You no man happy until he be ruined, you never can tell what might happen to him."

So the gods had conspired to complete Camilla's beauty. She was almost too beautiful in their covetous eyes. But Camilla was not weeping at the Acropolis in ancient Greece. She was crying on the art school campus in twentieth century America, and held no superstitious respect for Greek gods or any others—unless it was a fair-haired youth who might have personified a god in Norse myths, so much like a Thor or a Balder did he look. But she resolved now that even if she had the opportunity, she never would speak to him. He was as vain and conceited as he was handsome. So ran her distorted thoughts that were a mixture of resentment, humiliation, and love.

A hand touched her shoulder, lightly, then rested more heavily with gentle caresses. Camilla's pale quivered through Camilla's tense body.

(To Be Continued.)

HELP FOR TIRED WIVES

Take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Write to Mrs. J. C. Pinkham, 233 State St., Lowell, Mass. Tell her you are tired and need help. She will give you the strength to carry on your work.

60 out of every 100 women who report that they are tired and need help, say they have been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Buy a bottle from your drug store.

fit men win

Nothing lowers and depresses you more than the poisons of unexpressed emotion. Take 'em out every morning.

TAKE **FRUIT SALT**

Little Helps For This Week

"These were the potters, and those that dwelt among plants and helms; there they dwelt with the king for his work."—1 Chronicles 5:23.

A lower task on them is laid, With love to make the hour light; And their beauty they must shed on quiet hours, and but to slight. Changed are their visions, high and fair, Yet calm and still, they labor there.

Anywhere and everywhere we may dwell with the King for his work. We may be in a very unlikely or unfavorable place for this, it may be a literal country life, with little enough to be seen of the going of the King around us; it may be among beggars of all sorts, hindrances, and distractions. It may be far from our hands full of all manner of pottery for our daily task. No matter what the place, it will be there with us, and we will have to do with it.

And there they must shed on quiet hours, and but to slight. Changed are their visions, high and fair, Yet calm and still, they labor there.

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Peer's Conversion

Lord Melchett Returns To The Faith Of His Fathers

Lord Melchett, who was born a Jew and baptised a Christian, has turned to the faith of his fathers. The ceremony took place recently in private in a small Stamford Hill synagogue. Melchett afterwards joining in a Sabbath service.

Rev. Maurice Pritzker, rabbi of the North London Liberal synagogue, who conducted the ceremony, is an old friend of Melchett. He said the peer's conversion was partly through direct attraction to Jewish anti-Jewish activities and the outcome of deep study and deliberation.

Where Water Is Treasured

Miss Dorothy Buck, the novelist, who lives in Tunisia, has been telling, during her visit in Europe, about some of the quaint customs of her country. "The strangest dinner custom," she says, "is that if you are invited you take your own pitcher of water. Wines are abundant, but the water is a most precious and treasured commodity."

Made Four Choice

Gariade Meghrigian, a Syrian, found a dandy place to stay away on the "De la France" when she sailed from Havre. It was a ventilator. Three days at sea, however and Meghrigian discovered why it was called a ventilator. It ventilated. He caught cold, sneezed, and was thrown into iron.

The World's Largest Bible

Louis Wajnal, a Los Angeles carpenter has spent his leisure during the past five years in the belief he believed to be the largest Bible in the world. Each page was hand printed, and the finished Bible contains 8,048 pages, and weighs half a ton.

Presto Pack

Hang it in your kitchen. Pull out one sheet of Presto Paper at a time.

Appelhof PAPER PRODUCTS

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AMSTERDAM, HOLLAND

AMSTERDAM, HOLLAND

Occasional Wife

CHAPTER I

Camilla gave her smoked shoulders a little shake of determination and hunched them over her sketch pad, focusing her eyes intently upon the still-life model which the art instructor had selected for the next progressive step of his class toward artistic appreciation and creative expression. With detailed precision, he had called their attention to the perspective, receding contours, highlights and symmetry of the Grecian art. A still-life study, he had called it.

To Camilla, the word had implied vaguely some horrible tragedy. At any rate, no two such antithetic words had any right to be juxtaposed, she thought. She preferred to be in active life, active, virile, robust, glowingly alive, like—well, like the study of real life which interfered too much with her line of vision toward the still-life study object that she was sketching with impatient difficulty.

It was much more of a temptation to sit idly and watch the back of a certain young man's head which jerked up and down intermittently with his contemplation of the lesson object, and the stammering shoulders that moved rhythmically with the motion of his pencil on the pad. A handsome blonde head, with hair that curled regularly and set gracefully above the broad shoulders, with just a line of immaculate linen visible above the coat collar.

For SPRAINS

Minard's Liniment

"KING OF PAIN"

MINARD'S LINIMENT

MINARD'S LINIMENT

MINARD'S LINIMENT

MINARD'S LINIMENT

MINARD'S LINIMENT

MINARD'S LINIMENT

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Occasional Wife

CHAPTER I

Camilla was glad that their respective positions made it possible for her to watch him without his seeing her or being conscious of her, even. True, he had looked at her several times, directly, which had caused her to flutter up into her throat so that she became confused and breathless. But those glances had meant nothing to him, because his eyes had seemed to stop right there. She was just an unusually pretty girl who attracted men's glances easily. There was nothing new to Camilla about that. Ever since she had entered formal society three years ago, she had been a cynosure for all masculine eyes, and young; but their glances had not interested her in the least.

Camilla was a product of one of the queerest quirks of fate that life could wish upon anyone. She herself knew nothing to resent it or rejoice over. The elements for other attitudes were there. Usually, she resented it, rarely, she rejoiced over it. And in occasional optimism she decided that her final attitude would determine her final attitude. On this particular day, she was inclined to rejoice that any circumstance of fate had placed her in the same art class with the young Nordic giant whom Professor Drake addressed as Mr. Anson, and whom she suspected of subtle questioning among the students, was named Peter. Simple, straightforward man.

Peter Anson. It suited so admirably his splendid physique and his frank, amiable manner. Camilla sighed and dropped her charcoal pencil on the drawing board with a gesture of resignation. Her sketch already resembled a man's head more than a Grecian urn.

How difficult, Miss Hoyt! Professor Drake's booming voice recalled her to still-life consciousness and, what was worse, drew to her the attention of the whole class, including Peter Anson.

Camilla coloured painfully and confessed, "I—I don't know—just what is the trouble. My sketch isn't going very well."

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